my Social Security

Your Online Account ... Your Control ...

www.socialsecurity.gov/myaccount

Use a my Social Security online account to:

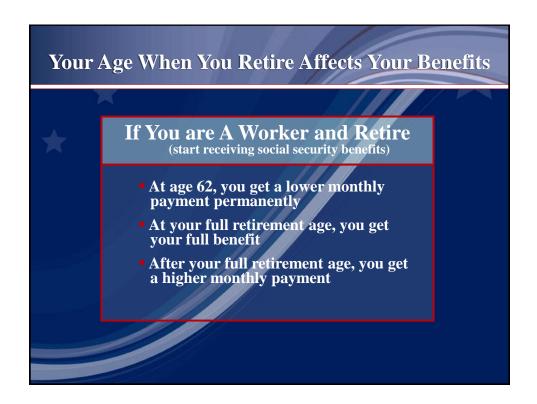
If you do not receive benefits

➤ Get your Social Security Statement, to review:
Estimates of your future retirement, disability, and survivors benefits;
Your earnings once a year to verify the amounts we posted are correct;
and The estimated Social Security and Medicare taxes you've paid.

If you receive benefits

- Get your benefit verification letter;
- ➤ Get a replacement SSA-1099 or SSA-1042S for tax season;
- Check your benefit and payment information and your earnings record;
- > Change your address and phone number; and
- > Start or change direct deposit of your benefit payment.





Year Of Birth	Full Retirement Age	At 62	Delay until 70
1943-1954	66 = 100%	- 25.00%	+ 32.00%
1955	66 & 2 months = 100%	- 25.83%	+ 30.66%
1956	66 & 4 months = 100%	- 26.67%	+ 29.33%
1957	66 & 6 months = 100%	- 27.50%	+ 28.00%
1958	66 & 8 months = 100%	- 28.33%	+ 26.66%
1959	66 & 10 months = 100%	- 29.17%	+ 25.33%
1960 & later	67 = 100%	- 30.00%	+ 24.00%











In Addition to the Retiree, Who Else Can Get Benefits?

Your Ex-Spouse

- ➤ Marriage lasted at least 10 years
- Ex-spouse 62 or older and unmarried (you can be married)
- ➤ Divorced at least two years prior and you and your ex-spouse are at least 62, (he/she can get benefits even if you have not started receiving)
- Ex-spouse's benefit amount has no effect on the amount you or your current spouse can get

Spouse's Benefit Computation

- Benefit is 50% of worker's unreduced benefit
- Permanent Reduction for early retirement (starting social security benefits early)
- If spouse's own benefit is less than 50% of the worker's, the benefits are combined
- Does not reduce payment to worker

Who Can Get Survivors Benefits?

Your Child if:

- ➤ Not married under age 18 (under 19 if still in high school)
- Not married and disabled before age 22

Widow or Widower:

- Full benefits at full retirement age
- Reduced benefits at age 60, If disabled as early as age 50
- >At any age if caring for child under 16 or disabled
- Remarriage after age 60 (50 if disabled) is protected
- Divorced widows/widowers may qualify

Widow or Widower Benefit Computation

If you start receiving benefits

- At full retirement age, you will receive 100% of deceased worker's benefit
- At age 60, you will receive 71.5% of deceased worker's benefit (remember there is a permanent reduction for starting benefits early)
- Options to reduced benefits on one record and switch to other record later

WEP & GPO – Special Rules Affecting Non-Covered Pensions

When part of your pension is from work not covered by Social Security two laws may affect your Social Security benefit amount:

- Windfall Elimination Provision (WEP) applies when you have at least 40 Social Security credits and you are eligible for Social Security benefits on your own work record
- Government Pension Offset (GPO) applies only to Social Security spouse or widow(er)'s benefits

www.socialsecurity.gov/gpo-wep

Who Can Get Disability Benefits?

Worker

Must have paid into Social Security five out of last 10 years

Spouse

- **At age 62**
- At any age if caring for child under 16 or disabledDivorced spouses may qualify

Child

Not married under age 18
(under 19 if still in high school)
Not married and disabled before age 22





Will My Social Security Benefit Be Taxed?

- Determine Modified Adjusted Gross Income
 - -- All taxable income plus 1/2 of Social Security benefit received
- Individual
 - -- \$24,999 or less no Federal tax on Social Security benefit
 - -- \$25,000 \$33,999 pay Federal tax on 50% of Social Security benefit
 - -- \$34,000 or more- pay Federal tax on 85% of Social Security benefit

For more information, call IRS toll free:1-800-829-3676 ask for publications 554 Tax Guide for Seniors & 915 Social Security benefits



Will My Social Security Benefit Be Taxed?

- Couple
 - -- \$31,999 or less no Federal tax
 - -- \$32,000 \$43,999 pay Federal tax on 50% of Social Security benefit
 - -- \$44,000 or more pay Federal tax on 85% of Social Security benefit

For more information, call IRS toll free:1-800-829-3676 ask for publications 554 Tax Guide for Seniors & 915 Social Security benefits



When Can I Sign Up for Medicare?

Medicare Enrollment Periods:

- Initial at age 65(3 months prior and after)
- Special if still working (and after initial enrollment period)
- General January~March (premium increased)

Health Savings Accounts do not allow you to be enrolled in <u>any</u> part of Medicare!

Medicare Coverage

Part A Hospital Insurance

Covers most inpatient hospital expenses. 2015 Deductible \$1,260.00

Part B Supplementary Medical Insurance

Covers 80% doctor bills & other outpatient medical expenses after 1st \$147 in approved charges.

2015 Monthly Premium \$104.90

Part D Medicare Prescription Drug Plan

- Covers a major portion of prescription drug costs for Medicare beneficiaries.
 - Monthly Premiums, Deductibles, and Co-Payments Apply
- Annual enrollment period expanded beginning 2011 to
 October 15 through December 7







